#### II B.Tech - II Semester – Regular Examinations – May 2016

## ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS AND WAVES (ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING)

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

### PART - A

Answer *all* the questions. All questions carry equal marks 11x 2 = 22 M

1.

- a) What are the ranges of cylindrical and spherical coordinates?
- b) Write the significance of divergence and curl.
- c) What are the features of Electric field intensity?
- d) Determine E at origin due to uniform line charge distribution with  $\rho_1 = 3.3nC/m$  located at x = 3m, y = 4m.
- e) State Gauss law for electrostatic fields.
- f) Write the expression for magnetic field intensity due to finite filamentary conductor carrying current 'I' in positive Z direction.
- g) At a point P (x,y,z) the components  $A_x$ ,  $A_y$ ,  $A_z$  of vector magnetic potential A are given by  $A_x = 4x + 3y + 2z$ ,  $A_y = 5x + 6y + 3z$ ,  $A_z = 2x + 3y + 5z$ . Determine magnitude and direction of B at point A.
- h) State Faraday law of Electromagnetic induction.

- i) Write boundary conditions for Dielectric to Dielectric interface in case of electric and magnetic fields.
- j) In free space Let  $E = 50 \cos(10^8 t \beta x) \hat{a}_y V/m$ , Assume  $\beta$  is positive real constant. Find the direction of propagation and  $\beta$ .
- k) In High loss medium, the EM wave is travelling in particular medium attains  $2\pi$  rad of phase shift over 1m distance. What is skin depth?

# PART – B

Answer any *THREE* questions. All questions carry equal marks.  $3 \ge 16 = 48 \text{ M}$ 

- 2.
- a) Derive the relationship between unit vectors of Cartesian coordinates and cylindrical coordinates . 6 M
- b) Prove the divergence of curl of any vector is zero and curl of gradient of any scalar is zero . 4 M
- c) Determine gradient and laplacian of any scalar function  $v = xy^2 + x^2yz + xyz^2$  6 M
- 3.
- a) Derive the expression for Electric field intensity due to infinite line charge of density  $\rho_l C/m$ . 8 M

- b) A line charge density of 24 nC/m is located in free space on the line y=1, z=2
  - (i) Find E at P(6,-1,3).
  - (ii) What point charge  $Q_A$  should be located at Q(-3,4,1) to cause  $E_y$  to be zero at P? 8 M

### 4.

- a) Find the H at a point P(1.5,2,3) caused by a current of 24 A in â<sub>z</sub> direction on Z axis extending from
  (i) Z = 0 to Z = 6
  (ii) Z = 6 to Z = ∞
  - (iii)  $Z = -\infty$  to  $Z = \infty$  8 M
- b) In the Cylindrical region  $0 < \rho < 0.5m$ , the current density is J = 4.5 e<sup>-2 $\rho$ </sup> $\hat{a}_z$  A/m<sup>2</sup> and 0 Elsewhere. Use amperes law to find H. 8 M

### 5.

- a) What is inconsistency in Amperes law? How Maxwell modified it?6 M
- b) A circular loop of 10cm radius is located in the x-y plane in a field given by  $B = 0.5 (3 \hat{a}_y + \hat{a}_z) \cos(377t)$  tesla. Find the EMF induced in the loop. 4 M

- c) The interface defined y = 0 separates two media with  $\epsilon_1 = 2 \epsilon_0$  and  $\epsilon_2 = 3\epsilon_0$ . Assume that interface is charge free, given that  $E_1 = (4\hat{a}_x + 5\hat{a}_y + 6\hat{a}_z)$  V/m. Find D<sub>1</sub>,  $E_2,D_2$ . 6 M
- 6.
- a) Derive the Expression for Attenuation constant and phase constant from Propagation constant.6 M
- b) Describe the Wave propagation in perfect dielectric, good dielectric, good Conducting medium. 10 M